

# Innovation in **Autism Practice:** The Future is Calling







#### Methodologies and methods in participatory research

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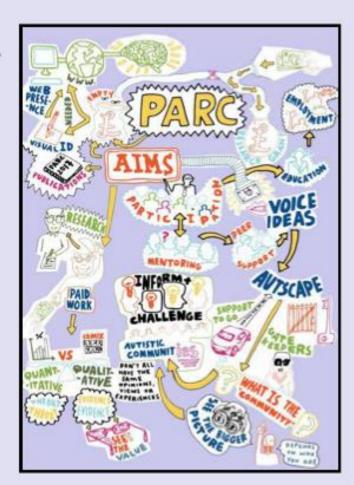


The **Participatory** Autism Research Collective

Our aim is to build a community network where those who wish to see more significant involvement of autistic people in autism research can share knowledge and expertise.

> For latest information on PARC related news and events visit our website or contact us at:

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"Pure science"?

"Objective"?

"Fact"?









What question is being asked?

By who?

To what purpose?









Methodology - structural scaffolding/paradigmatic perspective Method/s - systematic, pragmatic, authentic, valid, robust









Methodology

Quantitative: what, how many?

generalisation

Qualitative: who, why?

theory generation









#### Safe bet research:

"As our circle of knowledge expands, so does the circumference of darkness surrounding it."

Albert Einstein (although, on the bright side, so does our area of illumination)





















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**Autism bias:** lack of research inclusion/missed and mis-diagnosis

**Gender bias:** expectations, pressures, vulnerabilities + internalised narratives of 'normalcy', deficit and marginalisation

In view but invisible









**Autism and Mental Health:** 

lack of research

lack of research that asks autistic people









Can the subaltern speak? Gayatri Chakravorty Spivak

"...hones in on the historical and ideological factors that **obstruct the** possibility of being heard for those who inhabit the periphery."









Can the subaltern speak?

What is autism?









What is autism?









#### What is autism?

psychiatric

medical

genetic (+/- environment)

part of human neurodevelopment diversity









Who?

When - at what stage of the research process? In what capacity?









Retrieving lived experience as a valid source of data

**Facilitating voices:** methodological flexibility, methodical inventiveness eg In My Shoes interview software; online diaries/blogs, mixed

media

intersection: females within the autism population having specific needs

Disabilities/citizen/human rights:

reframing lived experiences of autistic (people) as individuals with specific strengths, challenges, rights and entitlements







#### Positive processes within participatory survey research

**Belief** - Viewing the autistic person as an expert on their own experience

**Mutuality** - Establishing communication of a common goal

**Ethics** - Supporting consent and ensuring ethical protection and oversight

**Well being** - Reducing the potential for stress during research participation

**Cognitive support** - A mechanism to facilitate individual meaningful engagement

**Translation** - Sharing results and establishing ownership as part of knowledge creation







#### Framework for cognitive support

- the adapted survey workspace



Establishing question or statement using concrete references

Discussion Space

**Emotional Labelling** 



**Supporting question** comprehension and engagement

**Supporting receptive** language and communication

Supporting cognitive / emotional response

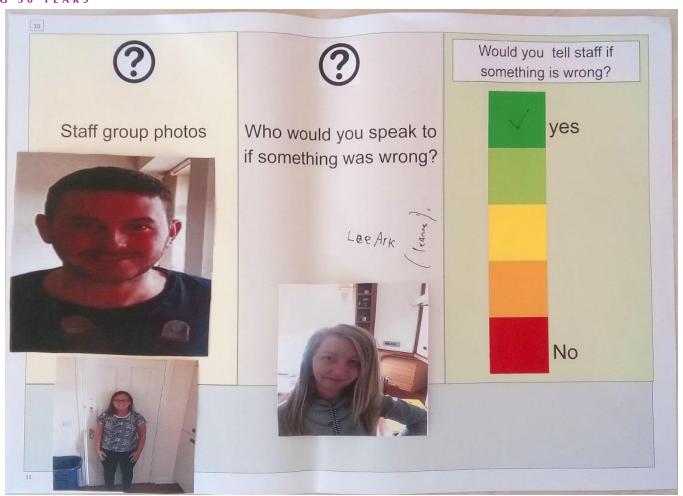








"Have you had a time when something went wrong in your service?"









#### **Inclusive Participatory Research – essential elements**

A principle of participation for all supported persons

Support to ensure informed consent and ethical protection

Any research exclusions based on well being considerations rather than ability

Detailed process of consultation and design of individualised engagement

Structured use of workspaces to frame questions and provide cognitive support within structured, facilitated discussion

Use of autistic interests to support relationship building, reduce anxiety and support emotional or labelling

Meaningful feedback and research output







#### Positive outcomes from research engagement

- Feedback from questions not previously considered or asked
- Sense of inclusion and being listened to
- **Expectation of sharing** experiences with others
- **Experience suggests** supported individuals exceed expectations









# Scottish

# **autism** Survey Participation - the lived experience

CELEBRATING 50 YEAR









#### Research principles and ethics

Do no harm; avoid unnecessary intrusion; protect subjects' interests Informed consent and ongoing consent Protection of confidentiality
Strategies for responding to disclosure

Who benefits? In whose interests is the research being undertaken? Is your research or consultation worth doing?



